## Hamid Монаммарі

#### Personal Information

Birth:	Iran   23 July 1996
<b>RESIDENCE:</b>	Tehran, Iran
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WEBSITE:	sandstorm12.github.io
GITHUB:	sandstorm12

#### EDUCATION

Apr 2022 - Present	UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA Special Graduate Student <b>Research Topic:</b> "Transformer-based Active Learning for Efficient Essay Scor- ing", Under-review, Educational Measurement: Issues and Practice Journal
Sep 2019 - Present	AMIRKABIR UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY Master of Science, Artificial Intelligence <b>Thesis:</b> "Video Violence Recognition and Localization using a Semi- Supervised Hard-Attention Model", Published, Expert Systems with Applica- tions Journal
SEP 2014 - DEC 2018	K. N. TOOSI UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY Bachelor of Science, Computer Engineering <b>Thesis:</b> "Text as Environment: A Deep Reinforcement Learning Text Readabil- ity Assessment Model"

#### **RESEARCH EXPERIENCE**

## Hamid Mohammadi, Ehsan Nazerfard, "Video Violence Recognition and Localization using a Semi-Supervised Hard-Attention Model"

Master Thesis, In-press, Expert Systems with Applications Journal | ScienceDirect

The main novelty of the proposed method lies in the introduction of a semi-supervised hard attention mechanism. Using hard attention, the essential regions of videos are identified and separated from the non-informative parts of the data. A model's accuracy is improved by removing redundant data and focusing on useful visual information in a higher resolution. Implementing hard attention mechanisms using semi-supervised reinforcement learning algorithms eliminates the need for attention annotations in video violence datasets, thus making them readily applicable. The proposed model utilizes a pre-trained I3D backbone to accelerate and stabilize the training process.

#### Hamid Mohammadi, Seyed Hossein Khasteh, "Text as Environment: A Deep Reinforcement Learning Text Readability Assessment Model"

#### Under-review at Neurocomputing Journal | arXiv:1912.05957

Deep reinforcement learning models are demonstrated to be helpful in further improvement of stateof-the-art text readability assessment models. The main contributions of the proposed approach are the automation of feature extraction, loosening the tight language dependency of text readability assessment task, and efficient use of text by finding the minimum portion of a text required to assess its readability. The experiments on Weebit, Cambridge Exams, and Persian readability datasets display the model's state-of-theart precision, efficiency, and the capability to be applied to other languages.

# Hamid Mohammadi, Seyed Hossein Khasteh, Amin Nikoukaran, "A Machine Learning Approach to Persian Text Readability Assessment Using a Crowdsourced Dataset"

Published at 2020 28th Iranian Conference on Electrical Engineering (ICEE) | arXiv:1810.06639

In the present research, the first Persian dataset for text readability assessment was gathered and the first model for Persian text readability assessment using machine learning was introduced. The experiments showed that this model was accurate and could assess the readability of Persian texts with a

high degree of confidence.

#### Hamid Mohammadi, Seyed Hossein Khasteh, "A Fast Text Similarity Measure for Large Document Collections Using Multi-reference Cosine and Genetic Algorithm"

Published at Turkish Journal of Electrical Engineering Computer Sciences | TJEECS

In this paper, a new signature-based approach to text similarity detection is introduced which is fast, scalable, reliable and needs less storage space. The proposed method is examined on popular text document data-sets such as CiteseerX, Enron, Gold Set of Near-duplicate News Articles and etc. The results are promising and comparable with the best cutting-edge algorithms, considering the accuracy and performance.

#### Hamid Mohammadi, Amin Nikoukaran, "Multi-reference Cosine: A New Approach to Text Similarity Measurement in Large Collections"

Preprint | arXiv:1810.03099

In this paper, a new approach to batch text similarity detection is proposed by combining some ideas from dimensionality reduction techniques and information gain theory. The new approach is focused on search engines need to detect duplicated and near-duplicated web pages.

#### WORK EXPERIENCE

Oct 2021 - Present	<b>Computer Vision Engineer: FarazPardazan, Iran</b> My focus here is to develop web and mobile friendly computer vision solutions for auto- mated identity evaluation and optical information extraction. I am involved in projects Face Detection and Recognition, Liveness Detection, Visual Brand Identification, Credit and ID card OCR Website: Farazpardazan.com
JULY 2019 - SEP 2021	Computer Vision Engineer: Sensifai, Belgium
	Building intelligent surveillance services, I was involved in several projects including face detection and recognition, fire detection, violence detection, object detection, motion localization, and so forth. Moreover, I participated in designing and implementing efficient real-time hardware-accelerated multi-stream video analysis tools. Website: Sensifai.com   Sentiligence.com
Sep 2016 - Sep 2017	Junior Big-Data and Artificial Intelligence Engineer: Yooz Search Engine, Iran My task as an artificial intelligence Engineer in this company was to help the web search team attain its goals by designing and implementing artificial intelligence so- lutions mainly related to Natural Language Processing and Machine learning. Some of these projects are Duplicate and near-duplicate document detection in big data appli- cations, which mainly was about dimensionality reduction, and Persian text difficulty assessment and Persian transliteration, which were implemented in Big-Data environ- ments. Website: Yooz.ir

## **TEACHING EXPERIENCE**

	Computer Structure and Language
	Oct 2017 - Feb 2018, Feb 2018 - Jun 2018, Sep 2018 - Feb 2019
F	Principles of Compiler Design
F	Feb 2018 - Jun 2018
0	Computer Networks
F	Feb 2018 - Jun 2018
0	Computer Architecture
C	Oct 2017 - Feb 2018

## **COMPUTER SKILLS**

Fluent Programming Languages	Python C++
Machine Learning Concepts	Deep Architectures (Classification, Regression, Transformers, Recurrent) Computer Vision (Classification, Detection, Vectorization) Reinforcement Learning (DRL, A3C, Dyna,) Natural Language Understanding (Classification, Vectorization) Classical Models (SVM, Random Forest,)
Frameworks and Tools	Tensorflow + Keras (CPU-GPU) Scikit-learn OpenCV Python NumPy, SciPy, Matplotlib Docker GStreamer framework and tools TensorRT Git Latex

### LANGUAGES

Native
Full professional proficiency
Duolingo: 140/160 (June 2022)
Literacy: 150, Comprehension: 150, Conversation: 110, Production: 105
TOEFL-iBT: 106/120 (Sep 2018)
Reading: 29, Listening: 30, Speaking: 23, Writing: 24

### References

Dr. Mark Gierl	Professor, Canada Research Chair, University of Alberta mgierl@ualberta.ca
Dr. Ehsan Nazerfard	Assistant Professor, Amirkabir University of Technology nazerfard@aut.ac.ir
Dr. Seyed Hossein Khasteh	Assistant Professor, K.N. Toosi University of Technology khasteh@kntu.ac.ir